

4 Comparative adjectives

Comparative adjectives *Adjetivos comparativos*

Para formar adjetivos comparativos, se añade *-er* o *-r a la mayoría de adjetivos*: small – smaller

Si el adjetivo acaba en vocal + consonante, se dobla la consonante: big – bigger

Si acaba en consonante + -y, esta se cambia por -i: noisy – noisier

Si el adjetivo tiene 2 o más sílabas, se pone more delante: beautiful – more beautiful

Adjetivos irregulares: good – better, bad – worse

Para comparar dos cosas, se usa un adjetivo comparativo + than.

I'm taller than you.

Dogs are more intelligent than rabbits.

1 Completa la tabla.

adjective	comparative adjective	adjective	comparative adjective
quiet	<i>quieter</i>		
small	(1)	modern	(4)
big	(2)	good	(5)
happy	(3)	bad	(6)

2 Completa las frases. Usa la forma comparativa de los adjetivos entre paréntesis y than.

Paul is younger than (young) Jim.

1 Vigo _____ (small) Valencia.

2 Rugby is _____ (dangerous) basketball.

3 Computer games are _____ (expensive) books.

4 Sarah is _____ (happy) Lucy.

5 My exam results are _____ (good) yours.

6 This pasta is _____ (bad) the pizza.

3 Escribe frases completas con *is*. Usa la forma comparativa de los adjetivos y *than*.



skateboard



mobile phone



computer

the mobile phone / small / skateboard

The mobile phone is smaller than
the skateboard.

- 1 the skateboard / dangerous / the mobile phone

- 2 the computer / expensive / the skateboard

- 3 the skateboard / bad / the mobile phone

- 4 the computer / quiet / the mobile phone

- 5 the mobile phone / good / the skateboard

- 6 the computer / big / the mobile phone

Vocabulario clave

bad malo/a basketball baloncesto big grande book(s) libro(s) classroom aula computer ordenador
 computer game(s) juego(s) de ordenador dangerous peligroso/a exam result(s) nota(s) de examen
 expensive caro/a good bueno/a happy feliz library biblioteca mobile phone móvil
 modern moderno/a quiet silencioso/a rugby rugby sister hermana skateboard monopatín
 small pequeño/a young joven